

#### **LD S75 VFM Presentation**



Lincolnshire COUNTY COUNCIL Working for a better future

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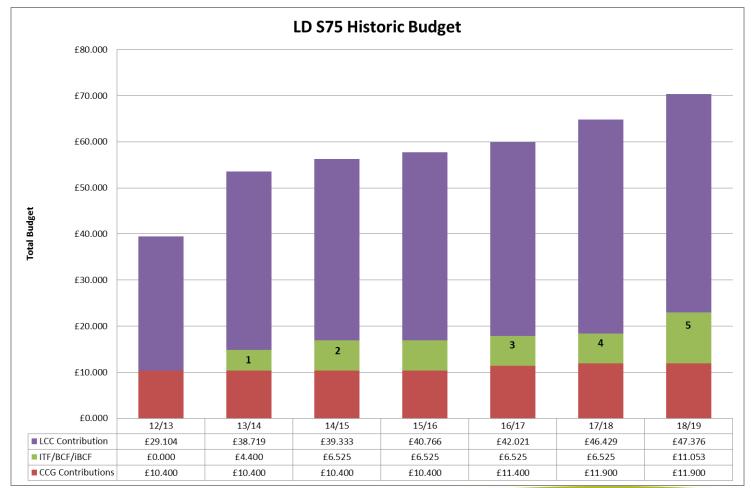
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#### Background

- Original Agreement in place since 31<sup>st</sup> March 2015
- Annual Change to Finance Schedule
- Agreement due to expire 31<sup>st</sup> March 2020
- Value of the agreement has risen by 22% since implementation
- Some changes to agreement Page 119
  - CHC cost split
  - Review of S117 cases and cost split
  - Agreement is governed by Joint Delivery Board which meets monthly
  - Represents 30% of the total value of Lincolnshire BCF







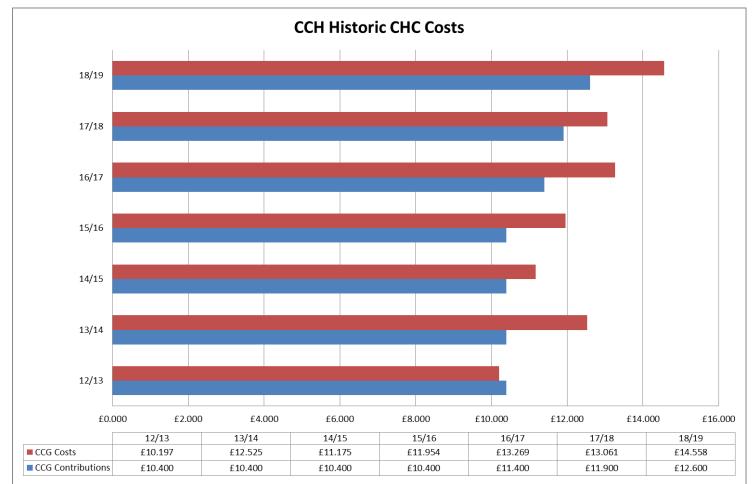
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#### **Budget History**

- Funding originally split between LCC and CCG inputs
- BCF is now intrinsically linked within financial the financial structure of the agreement
- 1. Original ITF funding of £4.400m in 2013/14
- Addition of BCF funding of £2.125m in 2014/15
- Increase in CCG CHC contributions of £1.000m in 2016/17
- 2. 9. 9. 2. 3. 4. 5. Increase in CCG CHC contribution £0.500m in 2017/18 (via risk agreement)
  - Addition of iBCF funding of £4.411m in 2018/19 (plus inflation on the first two allocations)
  - All BCF Funding (£11.053m) is allocated to the base budget
  - Reporting is therefore based on the total fund, it is not possible to report against specific lines of funding except CHC & LCC spend

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- LCC base Funding has increased by 16% (£6.610m)
- CCG base funding by 15%



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#### **Budget History**

- CHC costs have mostly outstripped CCG investment
- LCC has underwritten the shortfall, effectively operating ultra vires for a number of years
- New finance schedule removes this anomaly with agreement to
- fund any costs over and above £12.6m (includes additional £0.700m via iBCF)
  It is important therefore that CHC costs represent value for
  - It is important therefore that CHC costs represent value for money for the additional investment.

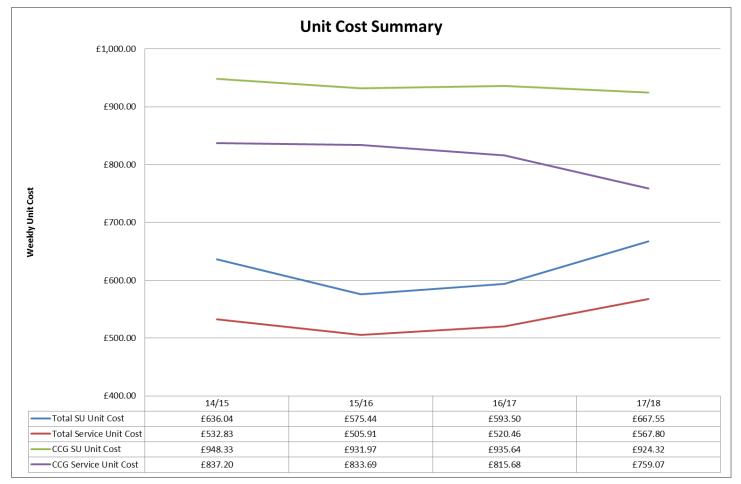


- Analysis presented last year has been revisited
- Apply the full year effect of 17/18 to get a four year assessment of costs
- Includes an analysis of 18/19 activity and costs to date
- 18/19 does not include future attrition, analysis is therefore a
- worse case scenario
- Page 124 Data cleansing exercise to ensure all recharge lines have been
  - removed and multiple packages of care and mid year changes in care packages does not skew the analysis
    - Base data will be shared after this session



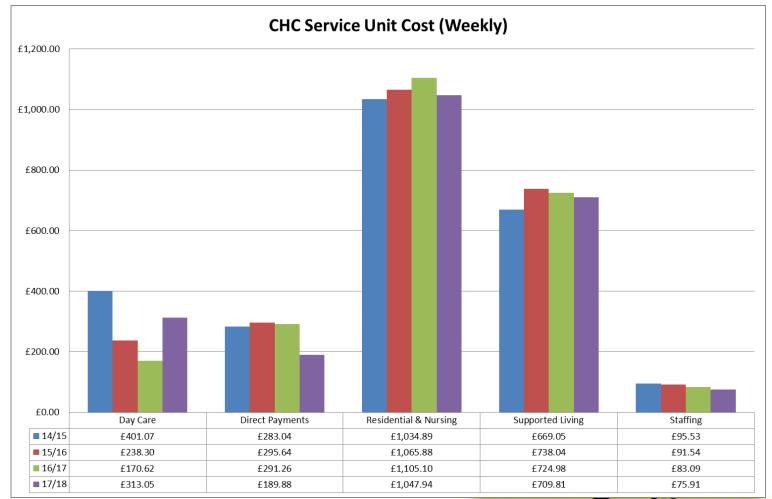
- Overall LD S75 SU number has grown by 22% in 4 years to end of 2017/18
- Overall activity (packages of care) have grown by 27%
- Overall gross costs have increased 33%
- Overall average SU unit costs have only increased by 5% since  $\bullet$ 2014/15 and packages of care by 7%
- Page 125 CHC activity increased by 20% overall
  - CHC Packages of care have increased by 29%
    - CHC gross costs have increased 17%
    - However SU unit costs have fallen by 3% and package of care by 9%.





This hides some interesting variation:-







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#### **CHC Service Analysis**

- 17/18 Unit cost reduces as a result of change in treatment of ulletJoint Funded cases
- The impact of this is most marked with Direct Payments where
- the vast majority of CHC cases are joint funded
- Page 128 Day care cost seem to fluctuate. A lot of these costs relate to
  - package delivered in care home settings so those costs have been moved to residential in 18/19 along with the activity
  - Residential and CSL unit prices have been less affected which suggests an underlying pressure in these areas.
  - Staffing number have remained static therefore unit costs have reduced over time



#### **18/19** Activity

Despite these excellent results we cant afford to rest:-

- Significant increase in activity over the first six months of the year:-
  - 113 new packages of care in CSL and DP (6% of 17/18 total)
    - 58% were previously unknown to the service
- Page 129 New packages are presenting with greater levels of complexity
  - 93 packages have been increased on review
  - Therefore packages are care are increasing ullet



Total projected weekly unit costs for 18/19:

- Residential & Nursing £932 (17/18 = £833)
- Community Supported Living £721 (17/18 = £663)
- Direct Payments £267 (17/18 = £255)
- Day Care £279 (17/18 £200)

CHC projected weekly unit costs for 18/19:

- Residential & Nursing £1034 (17/18 = £1045)
- Community Supported Living £750 (17/18 = £710)
- Direct Payments £247 (17/18 = £190)
- Day Care £422 (17/18 £313)



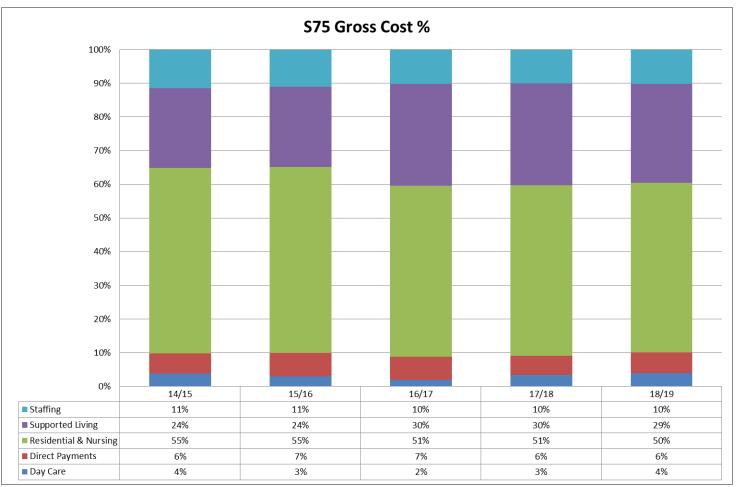
Even on in this basis:-

- Total unit cost increase over 5 years is 12%
- CHC unit cost increase over 5 years is -2% ۲
- General inflation has increased by 9% over same period
- NMW/NLW has increased by 20.46%
- Page 131 LCC LD Residential Rate staffing costs represent 60% of total cost on average

However we will still need to look at future trends

- CSL
- DP
- Day Care •





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- Residential & Nursing cost represented 51% of totals costs in 2017/18, a reduction of 4% over four years.
- 18/19 Projection is 50%
- Anecdotal evidence suggests that LA's should spend no more ulletthan 40% of total cost on Residential & Nursing Care
- Page 133 Focus on ensuring that SU are placed in the community rather than in residential units
  - **Direct Payments even better**

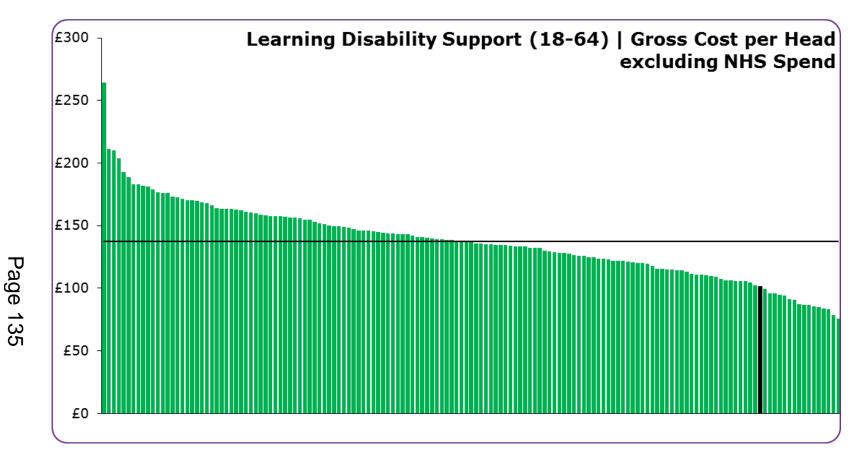


# Benchmarking

- Lincolnshire LD costs have been consistently one of the lowest regionally and nationally
- Data is based in ASC-FR Statutory report from CIPFA Benchmarking club
- Data analysed by
  - All members
    - Nearest Statistical Neighbour
  - Counties

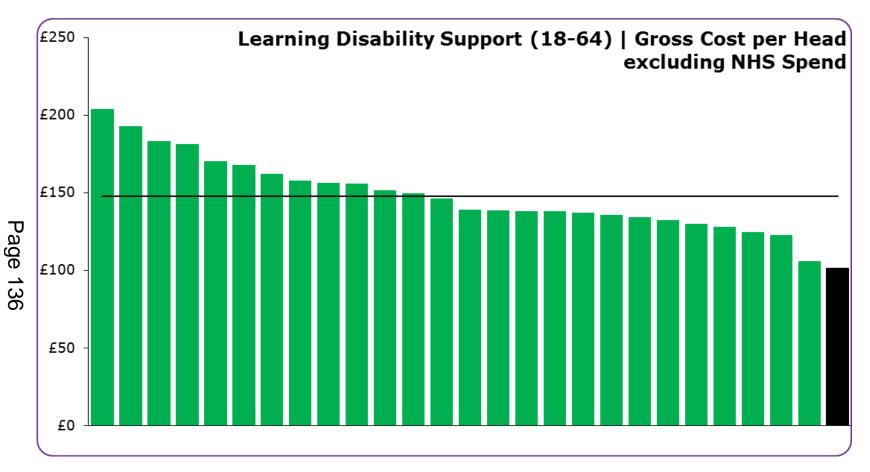


# Benchmarking (All 151 Councils)



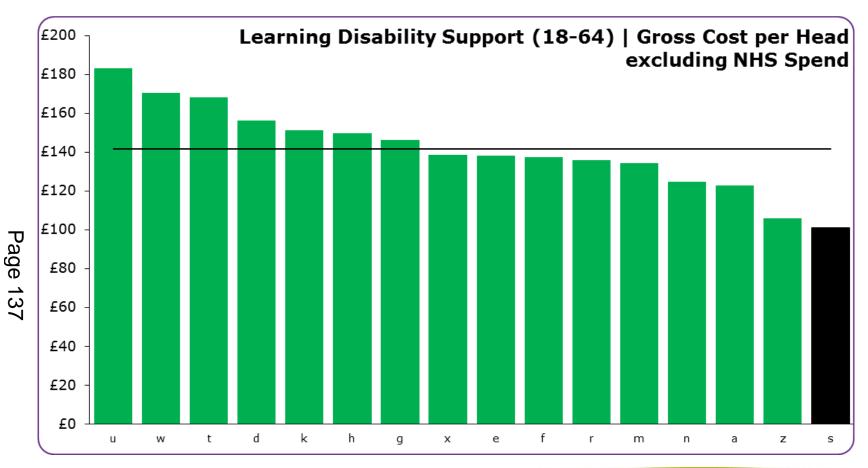


# **Benchmarking (By County)**



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# **Benchmarking (By Statistical Neighbour)**





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# **Comments**?



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